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The Daily Gazetteer.

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Government and *Religion* are Topicks upon which Men never were, nor in all Probability ever will be agreed; but notwithstanding this, all wise Men have ever been thus far of *one Opinion*, that some Sort of *Government* and some Sort of *Religion* was necessary to keep People quiet; for do I remember that it was taught in any Age, except the present, that a Nation might be very happy without *either*. As this Notion is new and odd, the Learned may possibly receive it, but I should be amazed to see it spread amongst the *Citizens*, those grave Patterns of good Sense and strict Morals, and who were heretofore so much attach'd to their *old Customs*, that they did not a little grudge to part with them even when it was visibly for their own Advantage. But surprized or not surprized, I find Things are like to take a strange Turn. *Poets* are to become *Politicians*, *Secretaries* to take *City Lodgings*, and *Folks* in their *Fur Gowns* and *Chains* rival your *Holders-forth* in *Surpo Cloaks* and *Bands*. Odd enough this of Conscience! and yet not half so odd as the Doctrines these *Priests* without *Laying on of Hands* are to preach. Doctrines so new, that they never were heard of, and so whimsical, that they never will be heard of again. Doctrines not only inconsistent with all our old Scheme of Politicks, but absolutely irreconcileable to each other. In short, Doctrines which none but our new Doctors would have Front enough seriously to lay down, and which are so big with Folly and Absurdity, as well as Malice and Sedition, that a Man cannot help being asham'd when he goes about to refute them, tho' he knows Refuting them to be a Duty. A Duty like that of the *Scavengers*, dirty and troublesome to himself, but at the same time beneficial, and even necessary to *others*. To it therefore I address myself with a chearful Heart, and shall not be afraid of *Fouling* my *Fingers*. I know I undertake to cleanse a Sink of Politicks; but what then: He who undertakes must go through. A *Surgeon* is often as bloody as a *Butcher*, and yet there is a mighty Difference between the *Trades*, as much as between a *Patriot* and a *Traitor* at G——H——.

One of these new Doctrines is, That the *People of England*, or such as think fit to call themselves so, have a *Right* to call for Alterations in Government whenever they see fit. That the People of *England* have Rights never was deny'd; nay I shall readily acknowledge, that it is a Kind of *Treason* to deny they have *Rights*. But to say the People have a *Right to change* the *Constitution* is not true, nor ever can be true, since it implies a Contradiction. A *Constitution* subject to daily Change is no *Constitution*, nor can I tell what it is. But this I knew, that our *Constitution* was settled at the *Revolution*, by a *Convention* turned into a *Parliament* for that Purpose; which I take to be a Demonstration, that nothing but the *Parliament*, i. e. the King, Lords and Commons in their Legislative Capacity, can have any Power over our *Constitution*. In that *Parliament* the *Rights* of the *Subject* were declared, but I do not find amongst them the *Peoples Right* of *Changing* the *Government* at Will. Such a *Right* would overturn all the rest. Amongst other *Changes*, the People might think some time or other of *changing* away their *Freedom*, which indubitably they have no *Right* to do. The *English Freedom* is an *Estate Tail*, which cannot be destroy'd by Tenants for *Life*; and since it might be destroy'd if the People had a *Right* to *change* their *Government*, it is clear they neither have nor can have such a *Right*. Those who teach this new Doctrine treat the *People* as Sharpers do *young Heirs*; they tell them, that *all things* are in their *Power*, in order to get *them* into their own. Happy for them the Story is not true! We are *free*, from the *Nature* of our *Constitution*; and because that *Constitution* cannot be *chang'd* but by the joint Agreement of Three Powers, each of which has a *Negative Voice*, our Freedom is, God be prais'd, in no Danger of being lost. At least we have *Three* to One a better Chance, than if, according to the new Scheme, our *Constitution* was alterable by the Voice of the *People*.

Of a Piece with these unintelligible Rights, is that *Independency* of *Parliament* for which these Gentlemen plead; and which by seeing farther into Millstones than other People, they have found out to be the very *Essence* of our *Constitution*. Yet nothing can be plainer, than that the Reverse of what they say is strictly and literally true, that is, the *Union*, or if they will have it, the *Dependency* of the *Parts* of the *Legislature*, one on another, is the *Essence* of our *Constitution*. For is it not from it that ours is a *mix'd Government*? Would it not be otherwise a *Monarchy*, an *Aristocracy*, or a *Democracy*? Will any of our new-fangled Politicians say, that it is absolutely *one* of these, (or to make Sense, if it be possible, of their Proposition) that the *Three* Forms exist separately, specifically, and independently under our *Constitution*? Or, if they should say so, as indeed they are ready to say any thing, would it not be Nonsense? For let us consider it a little; if the *popular State* were absolutely independent of the *Nobles*, they might think the *Nobility* unnecessary, and in consequence thereof *remove* them. This I grant would be a full Proof of their *absolute Power*; but what in the mean time must become of the *Aristocratic* Independency? which, if the modern Doctrine, of the *separate Power* of *each* of the *States*, were true, must be at that rate as strong as the *Power* which destroy'd it. A *monstrous Absurdity* indeed! But an *Absurdity* inseparable from their *Principles*. The absolute *Independency* therefore of *Parliament* is a meer Cant Word of *Faction*, which expresses a *Non-entity*, and is design'd to find Room in empty Heads, while such as first us'd it bring more significant *Projects* to bear, under Colour of promoting that which in the End they will either *drop*, or shew to be *impracticable*.

I should be much in the wrong, if to these unmeaning and unreasonable Notions, I should add that of removing *Placemen* out of the *House* of *Commons*. A Thing far from being *impossible* in itself, tho' I am sure it is far from being *understood*. Those who first *set up* the *Cry*, I am perswaded, knew its Consequences well enough; but as for those who have *joined* in it, I am as thoroughly perswaded of their Ignorance of its Consequences, otherwise I am certain they never would have *joined* in it. So much Pains has been taken in dressing out this *Proposal* to the best Advantage, and such Industry hath been used to recommend this *Proposal* thus dress'd out, that it would be equally tedious and unnecessary for me to recapitulate the Arguments of those who favour it. I will therefore content myself with shewing, in few Words, and within the Compass of this Paper, the real Merits of this Project. That is, I will shew that it is an *Invasion* on the *People's Right*; a departing from the pretended *Patriots* avowed *Principles*; and a *Scheme* which will produce the very *contrary Effects* to those which are said to be expected from it.

When I speak of the *People's Rights*, I do not mean either *unknown* or *imaginary Rights*; but such as the *Subjects* of *England* stand fairly entitled to, in Virtue of our *Constitution*. Amongst these I reckon that of chusing for their *Representatives* in *Parliament* any Person whom they think fitly qualify'd for that *Trust*. This they may at present do, tho' the Honour, Integrity, and great Capacity of the *Man*, hath already recommended him to his Majesty's *Favour*, and in Consequence thereof to the *Stroke* of the *Publick* in another Way. This *Right* the *People* are to be *abridged* of; and, which is very extraordinary, are to be *abridged* of at their own *Request*. They are already at full Liberty to let *Placemen* alone, if they think fit; but if this hopeful Design takes place, they are no longer to have that *Liberty* left them. A *Borough* shall not have Leave to chuse an honest, old, experienc'd *Soldier*, who has been for Thirty or Forty Years ready, at a Moment's Warning, to lay down his *Life* for his *Country*. Why? Because he has his Majesty's *Commission*. They shall not be at Liberty to chuse a Man of Quality's *Brother*, whatever Respect they may have for his Family, because truly that *Brother* attends on his Majesty's *Person*. They shall not have it in their Power to send up, even from a *Sea-Port*, a Weather-beaten Officer, of whose Courage and Conduct they have, from Experience, the highest Opinion; because, after many Years Service, he has a *Seat* at the *Board* of *Admiralty*, or *elsewhere*. If these Instances are not sufficient to shew that the People would really have their *Rights* curtail'd if this *Place-Bill* should pass, then I shall despair of proving any Thing; as I could almost promise never to trouble the Publick again, if any Instance could be produc'd of good Consequences flowing from such a Limitation as this, in any *Free State* whatsoever.

There is nothing the *Malecontents* have so much insisted upon, as the Absolute *Freedom* of the *House* of *Commons*; and yet this Conduct of theirs is utterly irreconcileable to that *Principle*. For can there be any Thing plainer, than that this *Scheme* has been set up to *punish* such as have *Places* for not *voting* with them?

Can any Man with his Eyes open avoid seeing that those who would *punish* would be no Enemies to *rewarding* upon another Occasion, and of consequence that these Men mean nothing less than to *force the House* of *Commons* into their *Sentiments* by *foul* Means, and then to keep them in those Sentiments by *fair*? The true State of the Question, with respect to the People of *England*, is, which *Measures* are *right*, those *pursued* by the *Ministry*, or those *recommended* by the *Opposition*? But the *Minority* shift the Question, take it for granted that *they* are in the *right*, and then desire the People to inquire, *who have*, and *who have not Places*; which is nothing at all to the Purpose. They do indeed suggest that the Ministry secure a *Majority* by the *Distribution* of *Places*; which, if it were true, would prove an undue *Influence* in *Parliament*; but sure y a *Suggestion*, and a *Suggestion* from an *Enemy*, is no Proof! The *Friends* of the *Ministry*, on the other Hand, say, that the *Malecontents*, without entering into the *Merits* of the *Question*, are for *purging* Members of Parliament, merely because they voted against them. Do you look for *Proof*? The *Malecontents* themselves have furnished it; they have spirited up the *People* to demand an *Abridgment* of their own *Rights* purely to gratify the *Resentments* of the *Minority*. This is a full Proof that the *Place Bill* is directly contrary to their own *Principles*, since it is a Sort of *Bill* of *Pains* and *Penalties*, which *these People* would inflict upon *other People*, merely for their being a *Majority*, and without any other Pretence whatsoever.

The End of this Scheme, they say, is to *prevent Corruption*, which presupposes Corruption in *every Man* that has a *Place*; and, which is still more extraordinary, that *nothing* can *corrupt* a Man but a *Place*. There are at present a Multitude of *necessary Employments* in *Great Britain*; Employments which require Abilities, Education, Integrity, Industry and a general Acquaintance with Men and Things. When these Places are properly fill'd up, (and I hope it is no Breach of respect to the People to wish they may be always so) there will be so many *fit* and *able Persons* for the Service of their Country in *Parliament* excluded from serving in that Capacity, the natural Consequence of which will be, that *less fit* and *less able* Men will be chose in their stead. Such Persons always were, and will be the fittest *Tools* of Faction; they will be managed by a *few*, who applying to their several Humours, Interests and Understandings, will always command a *great Majority*, and very probably imploy it against the *Government* under the Name of the *Court*, which will make *Corruption* necessary for the present; and not only so, but *entail* it on *Posterity*. For those in the *Administration* must procure *Quiet* some Way or other, and doing their Duty in such a Situation would be of all others the least likely Method of attaining it. Such Men, tho' they had *no Places*, might yet *have a Mind* to *Places*, and this would make them envious and splenetick towards them in *possession* of them; every unforeseen, every unavoidable *Accident* would be then a *Grievance*, and good Men seeing the *Posts* of *Honour* unsafe, would leave them to be occupied by those who depended on their *Arts* to defend them from all *Dangers*. No Man can deny that these *Conjectures* are in themselves *reasonable*, and no Man that has read the History of *England* for the last Century can doubt of their being supported by Experience.

In a Word, since the Accession of the present *Royal Family* to the Throne, we have enjoyed a *Prosperity* unknown to former Times, because the *Crown* and its *Ministers* have *cherished Liberty*, and shewn the highest Regard for the *Rights* of the *Subject*. But now,

now, since the King will form no Designs against his *People*, a Crew of *selfish* and *ambitious* Men are endeavouring to delude the *People* into forming Designs against *themselves*; into *Projects* for reducing their own *Power*, and into *Schemes* for destroying that *Constitution*, under which they have enjoyed such unexampled *Happiness*. I know not what will be thought of this Discourse at present, but I would venture my Head, that, if these People carry their Point, in seven Years Time this *Gazetteer* would pass for an *Oracle*.

R. FREEMAN.

HOME PORTS.

Portsmouth, Nov 14. Yesterday came into the Harbour, the Lively, Coleman, for Havre-de-grace.

Deal, Nov. 14. Wind S. E. Remains the Dunkirk Man of War. Arrived the Golden Fleece, Madgson, from Figueira.

Gravesend, Nov. 14. Pass'd by the Buchanan, Ray, and the Hannah, Barnes, from Virginia; the Mary, Nicholson, from North Carolina; and the Fanny, Newton, from Barbados.

LONDON

Yesterday his Majesty went to the House of Peers with the usual State, attended by his Grace the Duke of Richmond, Master of the Horse, and his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, one of the Lords of the Bed-Chamber in waiting, and opened the Sessions of Parliament with a most gracious Speech from the Throne.

The same Day his Grace the Duke of Manchester took the Oaths and his Seat in the House of Peers, in the Room of his Brother lately deceased.

As did also Fulwar Lord Craven, in the Room of his Brother lately deceased.

As did likewise the Lord Conway, lately come of Age.

The same Day Writs were issued out, for the Electing of New Members in the Room of those deceased, which we mention'd in our Paper of Tuesday last.

This Day the Right Hon. the House of Peers will wait on his Majesty at St. James's, with their Address of Thanks for his most gracious Speech from the Throne.

And To-morrow the Hon. House of Commons will likewise wait on his Majesty, with their Address of Thanks.

The Right Hon. the Lord Walpole, Auditor of the Exchequer, has appointed Mr. Cliff, a Relation to Capt. Jackson of Richmond-Lodge, to be one of the Clerks in the Exchequer, in the Room of Mr Charles Ireland, deceased.

Yesterday the Money and Effects taken in the Spanish Ship the St. Joseph, were brought from Portsmouth in Three Waggons, under a Guard of 45 Horse-Grenadiers, and deposited in the Bank.

Last Tuesday Evening, as a Servant belonging to Theophilus Fortescue, Esq; Member of Parliament for Barnstable, was coming to Town on Horseback, he was attack'd by two Foot-pads between Egham and Staines, who robb'd him of a Silver Watch and his Money, and beat him in a most barbarous Manner, for offering to knock down one of the Rogues who jump'd out of the Ditch and seiz'd hold of his Horse's Bridle.

His Majesty has been pleas'd to present the Rev Mr. Mahon to the Rectory of Kilkea in the County of Kildare in the Kingdom of Ireland.

Yesterday a Presentation pass'd the Great Seal to the Rev. Mr. James Thomas of the Office of Master or Keeper of the Hospital of St. Mary Magdalen near Bath in the County of Somerset.

As did also a Presentation to the Rev. Mr. Richard Turner of the Rectory of Rodington in the County of Salop and Diocese of Litchfield and Coventry.

Yesterday a Boy of about 15 Years old was found drown'd under the Ice in the Canal of St. James's Park.

Yesterday a young Gentleman bred to the Law, (Mr. William Barkwith) whose Affairs were in great Disorder, was thereby induc'd to rob upon the Highway to try to retrieve them; and having attack'd on Tuesday last Goldsbrough Griffin, Esq; in his Chariot on Hounslow Heath, he took from him 12 Shillings, but being pursued he quitted his Horse, and snapp'd his Pistol twice at his own Head, which miss'd Fire. During his Examination before Col. De Veil, (who committed him to Newgate) he behav'd with great Modesty, and as a Man truly sensible of his Misfortune: 'Tis believ'd this was his first Fact.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge	11 18	11 48

Bank Stock 136. India 155. South Sea 94. Old Annuity 107 3-8ths. New ditto 107 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 96 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan 109 3-4ths. Five per Cent. ditto 94 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 88 1-half. London Assurance 11 1-8th. African 13 1-half. India Bonds 2 l. 19 s. to 3 l. Prem. South Sea ditto 15 s Prem. Bank Circulation 1 l 15 s. Premium. Salt Tallies 1-half to 1 Prem. English Copper 3 l. 6 s. 6 d. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 99 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto 93 1-half. Million Bank 111 1-half. Equivalent 112 1-8th. Lottery Tickets 5 l. 7 s.

Custom-house, London, November 13. 1739.

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